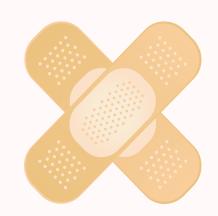
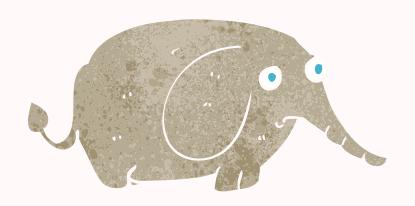


# SELF-INJURY





# WHAT IS SELF-INJURY?

The act of deliberately harming one's own body, without intending to commit suicide, e.g. cutting, burning/abrasions, biting, scratching, head banging, excessive body piercing.



# FUNCTIONS OF SELF-INJURY

- Relieve or control negative emotions
- Feel connected to reality
- Reduce suicidal urges
- Cry for help

- Regain self-control
- Self-punishment
- Distract from problems

# CYCLE OF SELF-HARM

Self-harm can keep occurring in teenagers as it helps to reduce negative emotions



The sense of relief trains the brain to revert to self-harm the next time negative emotions arise. Over time, self-harm becomes an automatic response. Using different ways to manage emotions can break this cycle!



## WHAT CAN I DO INSTEAD?

Wait 20 minutes when you get the urge

 distract yourself by watching TV, doing housework, or preparing something to eat

#### Change your surroundings

- leave the place you usually self-harm at
- go outside when you get the urge



#### Replace the sensation

- rub an ice cube across your skin
- take a cold shower
- · draw on your skin with a marker pen
- snap a rubber band on your skin



#### **Express your feelings**

- start a journal
- paint, draw or write poems
- · okay to cry!





#### Connect with others

- talk it out with a trusty friend/family member
- make plans with friends

### Self-soothing and calming

activities to manage emotions

- · listening to music
- petting or cuddling a pet
- taking a warm shower
- · light exercise



# SOME INFORMATION FOR PARENTS...



One main cause of self-injury is an **invalidating environment**. This means that a child is not assured that their emotions are valid, accepted, and worthy. Instead, emotions may be dismissed as "no big deal".

This makes a child unable to understand or manage their emotions, causing them to express themselves in unhealthy/extreme ways.

# SIGNS OF SELF-INJURY

- Wearing long sleeve-shirts/long pants even in hot weather
- Unexplained wounds or scars
- Wounds that don't seem to heal
- Frequent injuries that are brushed off as "accidents"
- Sharp objects **hidden** in their bag



D	O	N	l'T

**Ignore the problem** or think that it will go away on its own

**Confront** your child or **panic** even if you are feeling upset or worried

**Judge or criticize**: This can trigger more self-injury instead

Give them an **ultimatum** or make **demands** 

#### DO

Keep an eye out for signs of selfinjury

Show concern calmly and privately about what you noticed

Offer to listen and see things from their perspective

**Give them time** to learn healthier ways to manage their emotions

# **IPMDA**

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